



OSMosis: Modeling OS Isolation

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Problem

- ❑ Modern systems provide myriad different **isolation mechanisms**, but it is **difficult to identify** precisely **what hardware and software state is shared** between two tasks.
- ❑ This **lack of transparency** leads to architecture-based side-channel attacks and opaque performance/security tradeoffs.

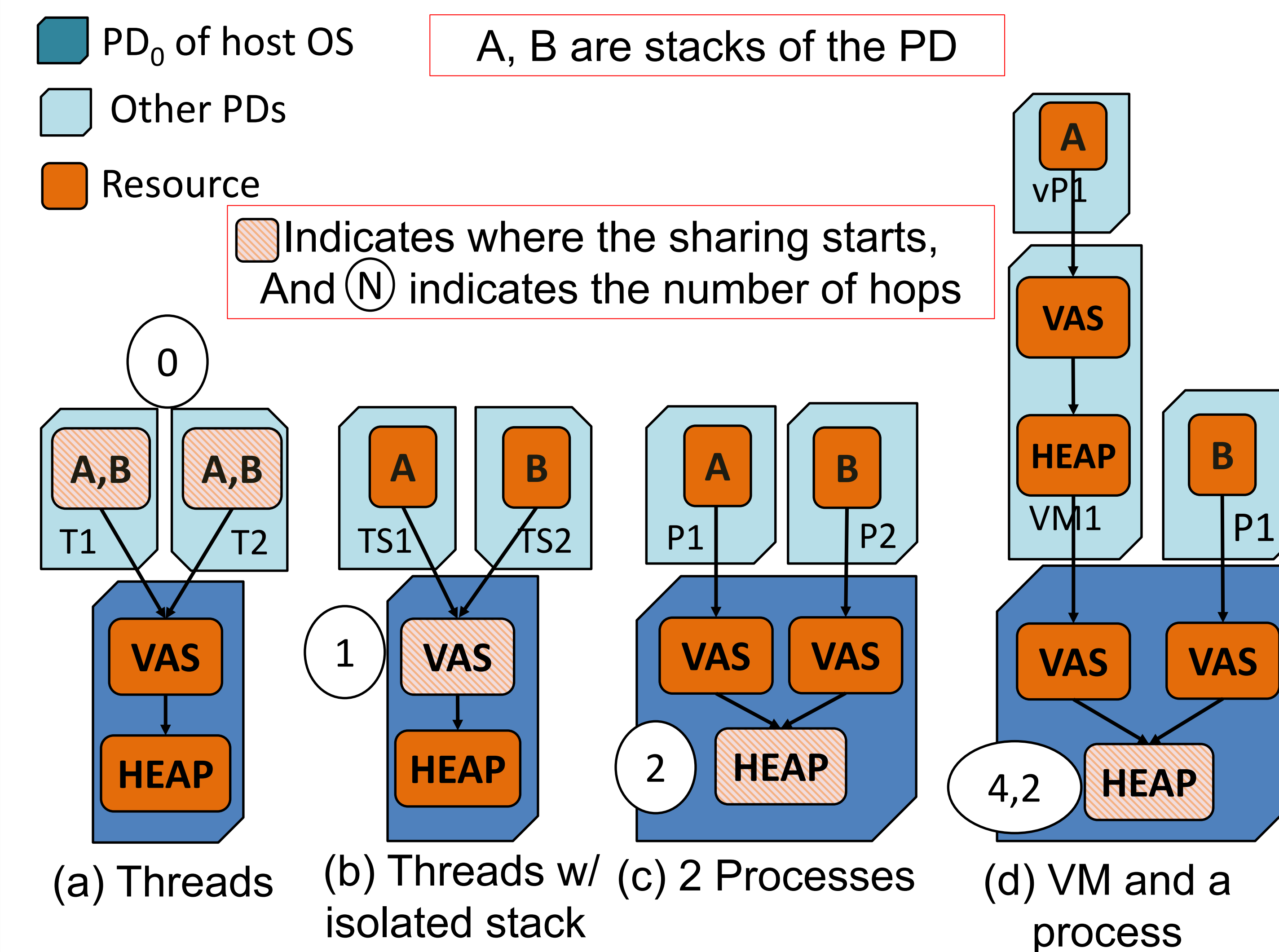
Our Approach

- ❑ **Develop a model** that formally describes state sharing.
- ❑ **Query the model** to get insights about the extent of sharing between different tasks.
- ❑ **Quantify** the degree of isolation.

Solution: Isolation Model

- ❑ Every task is a Protection Domain.
- ❑ Every Protection Domain has access to Resources.
 - ❑ Resource can be Virtual or Physical.
 - ❑ Resource Relation is the dependency relation between resources (\rightarrow)

Using the Model



- ❑ The higher the number of hops at which sharing happens, the higher the isolation
- ❑ Gives us a concrete way to capture degrees of isolation

Querying the Model

Once the system is captured using a model it is easy to query.

- ❑ Find all the resources used by a PD
 - ✓ Transitive closure of the resource relation (\rightarrow)
- ❑ Find the resources used by the PD at **N** hops
 - ✓ Traverse the Resource Relation for **N** hops
- ❑ Find the number of hops at which sharing begins
 - ✓ First common resource for the two PDs
- ❑ Find if a PD is sufficiently isolated
 - ✓ For a given number of hops, check that the set of common resources is empty

What else does this enable us to do?

- ✓ **Viewing isolation as a spectrum**
- ✓ **Precisely state the extent of sharing**
- ✓ **Explore the design space of mechanisms**

What's next?

- ❑ Find a performant way to trace resource relations for all the resources
- ❑ Prototype the model on two real systems viz. Linux and Genode

